

Equilibrium constants for hydrolysis and associated equilibria in critical compilations

Chromium(III)

Equilibrium reactions	lgK at infinite dilution and T = 298 K			
	Baes and Mesmer, 1976	Rai et al., 1987	Ball and Nordstrom, 1988	Brown and Ekberg, 2016
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{CrOH}^{2+} + \text{H}^+$	-4.0	-3.57 ± 0.08		-3.60 ± 0.07
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr(OH)}_2^+ + 2 \text{H}^+$	-9.7	-9.84		-9.65 ± 0.20
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr(OH)}_3 + 3 \text{H}^+$	-18	-16.19		-16.25 ± 0.19
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + 4 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr(OH)}_4^- + 4 \text{H}^+$	-27.4	-27.65 ± 0.12		-27.56 ± 0.21
$2 \text{Cr}^{3+} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}_2(\text{OH})_2^{4+} + 2 \text{H}^+$	-5.06	-5.0		-5.29 ± 0.16
$3 \text{Cr}^{3+} + 4 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}_3(\text{OH})_4^{5+} + 4 \text{H}^+$	-8.15	-10.75 ± 0.15		-9.10 ± 0.14
$\text{Cr(OH)}_3(\text{s}) + 3 \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}^{3+} + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O}$	12		9.35	9.41 ± 0.17
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3(\text{s}) + 6 \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{Cr}^{3+} + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O}$			8.52	
$\text{CrO}_{1.5}(\text{s}) + 3 \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}^{3+} + 1.5 \text{H}_2\text{O}$				7.83 ± 0.10

C.F. Baes and R.E. Mesmer, *The Hydrolysis of Cations*. Wiley, New York, 1976, p. 220.

J.W. Ball and D.K. Nordstrom, Critical evaluation and selection of standard state thermodynamic properties for chromium metal and its aqueous ions, hydrolysis species, oxides and hydroxides. *J. Chem. Eng. Data*, 43, 895–918 (1998).

P.L. Brown and C. Ekberg, *Hydrolysis of Metal Ions*. Wiley, 2016, pp. 541–555.

D.Rai, B.M. Sass and D.A Moore, Chromium(III) hydrolysis constants and solubility of chromium(III) hydroxide. Inorg. Chem. 26, 345-349 (1987); accepted in the critical compilation by J.W. Ball and D.K. Nordstrom, Critical evaluation and selection of standard state thermodynamic properties for chromium metal and its aqueous ions, hydrolysis species, oxides and hydroxides. J. Chem. Eng. Data, 43, 895–918 (1998).

Distribution diagrams

These diagrams have been computed at two Cr(III) concentrations (1 mM = 1×10^{-3} mol L⁻¹ and 1 µM = 1×10^{-6} mol L⁻¹) with the ‘best’ equilibrium constants above (in green). Calculations assume $T = 298$ K for the limiting case of zero ionic strength (*i.e.*, even neglecting plotted ions).

